

2023

Time - 3 hours

Full Marks - 80

*Answer all groups as per instructions.
Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.*

GROUP - A

1. Fill in the blanks with appropriate word. (all) [1 × 12]
- (a) The United Nations Commission on Human Rights was established in the year _____.
- (b) Civil and Political rights belong to _____ generation of rights.
- (c) Human Rights Day is observed on _____.
- (d) _____ was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
- (e) _____ part of the Indian Constitution provides for Fundamental Rights.
- (f) The first Geneva Convention relating to Humanitarian law was made in the year _____.
- (g) _____ Article of Indian Constitution abolishes the practice of untouchability.

- (h) The British document on Human Rights called 'Magna Carta' was signed in the year _____.
- (i) Prohibition of Human trafficking is mentioned under Article _____ of Indian Constitution.
- (j) Rights are enumerated in Chapter _____ of the South African Constitution.
- (k) The Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission is appointed by _____.
- (l) The First United Nations Convention relating to the status of Refugees was made in the year _____.

GROUP – B

2. Answer any eight of the following questions within two to three sentences each.

[2 × 8

- (a) Why Human Rights are significant ?
- (b) What are the civil and political rights ?
- (c) Mention two grounds on which Human rights are being violated ?
- (d) What is US Bill of Rights, 1791 ?
- (e) Mention provisions of Rights of the children under Indian Constitution.

[3]

- (f) What was the major content of Vienna Declaration on Human Rights ?
- (g) Mention two major functions of National Human Rights Commission of India.
- (h) Define the term Refugee.
- (i) What rights are protected under the constitution of South Africa ?
- (j) What is International refugee law ?

GROUP – C

3. Write notes on any eight of the following within 75 words each.

[3 × 8

- (a) Features of Human Rights
- (b) Preamble of Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- (c) Functions of United Nations Human Rights Council (UNHRC)
- (d) Principle of Non-Refoulement
- (e) Right to Freedom under Indian Constitution
- (f) Causes of Human Rights violation in India
- (g) Rights of the minorities under Indian Constitution
- (h) Application of Bill of Rights in South Africa
- (i) Racial apartheidness in south Africa
- (j) Human Rights of the Refugees

P.T.O.

[4]

GROUP – D

Answer all questions within 500 words each.

4. Define Human Rights and trace its historical development. [7]

OR

Examine the three generations of rights.

5. Explain different rights covered under the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. [7]

OR

Describe the evolution and development of Universal Declaration of Human Rights process of adoption of UDHR by United Nations.

6. Fundamental Rights guaranteed in Indian Constitution promotes Human Rights. Examine. [7]

OR

Bill of Rights is a corner stone of democracy in South Africa. Discuss.

7. The problems of refugees is a major global problem in the 21st Century. Suggest measures to protect their rights. [7]

OR

Define International Humanitarian law and discuss its features and core principles.