2023

Time - 3 hours

Full Marks - 80

Answer all groups as per instructions.

Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

GROUP - A

- Answer <u>all</u> questions by choosing the correct option from the given alternatives. [1 x 12
 - (a) The liberal import of British machine goods negatively affected Indian
 - (i) Steel and Iron industries
 - (ii) Chemical industries
 - (iii) Handicraft industries
 - (iv) Sugar industries
 - (b) The Zamindari System was introduced by Lord Cornwallis in the year –
 - (i) 1793

(ii) 1757

(iii) 1891

(iv) 1893

| | As per 2011 | Census, | the densi | ty of | populat | ion in | India is ~ |
|-----|-------------|---------|-----------|-------|---------|--------|------------|
| (c) | | | /::\ | 267 | por ca | lenn | |

- (i) 329 per sq. km
- (ii) 367 per sq. km
- (iii) 382 per sq. km
- (iv) 387 per sq. km
- (d) In India, 5 + 3 + 3 + 4 system of school education was introduced by -
 - (i) National Education Policy, 1968
 - (ii) National Education Policy, 1986
 - (iii) National Education Policy, 2020
 - (iv) National Curriculum Framework, 2005
- (e) The number of days of employment guaranteed by MGNREGA to the rural BPL households in India are :
 - (i) 10

(ii) 30

(iii) 100

- (iv) 365
- (f) The New Population Policy was announced in India in the year
 - (i) 1976

(ii) 1977

(iii) 2000

- (iv) 2005
- (g) Which of the following sector in India has a largest share in its Gross domestic savings ?
 - (i) Household Sector
- ii) Corporate Sector
- (iii) Public Sector
- (iv) Joint Sector

- (h) The level of Regional inequality in India is measured on the basis of —
 - (i) Land area
- (ii) Per capita income
- (iii) Domestic savings
- (iv) Govt. investment
- In India, faster, sustainable and more inclusive growth was the main objective of –
 - (i) Eighth Five Year Plan
 - (ii) Tenth Five Year Plan
 - (iii) Eleventh Five Year Plan
 - (iv) Twelfth Five Year Plan
- (j) Which of the following institution fosters co-operative federalism in India?
 - (i) Planning Commission
 - (ii) Finance Commission
 - (iii) NITI Aayog
 - (iv) Innovation Commission
- (k) Which of the following indicates production of various crops not for home consumption but for sale?
 - (i) Subsistence agriculture
 - (ii) Commercialisation of agriculture

- (iii) Mechanised agriculture
- (iv) Intensive agriculture
- The average life expectancy at birth in India has been gradually
 - decreasing
- remaining constant
- (iii) increasing
- declining

GROUP - B

- 2. Answer any eight of the following questions within two to three sentences each. $[2 \times 8]$
 - (a) What is colonialism?
 - (b) State the structure of Indian villages during Pre-British rule.
 - (c) What is Human Capital?
 - Give the meaning of Industrial transition.
 - What is meant by urbanisation?
 - State any two reasons for decline in birth rate in India.
 - What is Per-Capita income?
 - Define poverty line.
 - What is disguised unemployment?
 - Why is planning needed in India?

GROUP - C

Write notes on any eight of the following within 75 words each.

13 × 8

- (a) Decline of Handicrafts during British rule
- Colonisation and Modernisation
- Benefits of population growth on Economic development
- Importance of Human Resource Development
- (e) Rural-Urban migration
- Investment and Economic growth
- New Education Policy
- (h) SJSRY
- Estimates of Unemployment in India
- Vision of Twelfth Five Year Plan

GROUP - D

Answer all questions within 500 words each.

4. "The economic backwardness and stagnation of Indian economy was mainly the result of about two hundred years of British colonial rule." Discuss.

OR

Explain the condition of Indian economy during the Pre-British period.

 Elaborate the features of National Population Policy, 2000 of Govt. of India.

OR

Discuss the causes of rapid population growth in India since independence.

 Examine the changes in sectoral composition of national income in India since 1951.

OR

Discuss the causes of unemployment in India. What steps have been taken by Govt. to reduce unemployment in our country?

7. Outline the objectives of economic planning in India. Have these objectives been realised?
[7]

OR

Evaluate the role of NITI Aayog in transforming India's development agenda.